	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
				ELG		
		Sin	g a range of well-ki	nown nursery rhymes	& songs	
	Perform so		•	• •	ate - try to move in tir	ne with music
Reception	Me	My Stories	Everyone	Our World	Big Bear Funk	Reflect, Rewind,
•		·				Replay
	Key Learning	Key Learning	Key Learning	Key Learning	Key Learning	
	Recognise and name	Invent imaginary	Enjoy listening to the	Enjoy listening to the	Enjoy listening and dancing	Assessment
	some of the	characters through	music and responding to	music and responding	to funk music.	
	characters and stories	movement or dancing	different speeds	through dancing or other		
	in the songs.		through dancing or	movement.	Find the pulse in different	
		Copy back a rhythm from	other movement.		ways and show this through	
	Enjoy listening to the	the words of the song.		Find the pulse in	actions e.g. funky monkey,	
	music and respond		Learn to sing or rap the	different ways and show	funky chicken or funky	
	through dancing or	Copy phrases from the	songs in unison with	this through actions	bear.	
	other movement	songs to discuss high-	support.	Camer hands that wheethers of	Come hook the wheether of	
	Find the pulse in	pitched sounds from low- pitched sounds	Copy back the rhythms	Copy back the rhythms of phrases in the song.	Copy back the rhythm of words from the video.	
	different ways and	priched sounds	of phrases in the song	phrases in the song.	words from the video.	
	show this through	Play a pitched note or	or princises in the song	Copy sounds they can	Clap the rhythm of words	
	actions	sound in time with the	Play a 1-note pattern in	hear to distinguish high-	from the song.	
	dorions	pulse.	time with the pulse	pitched sounds from low-	mon me song.	
	Copy sounds they can	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, pass	pitched sounds.	Play the pulse with a	
	hear to distinguish	Choose one of the songs	Listen back to the		pitched note or untuned	
	high-pitched sounds	and perform it with any	performance.	Play a 1-note pattern in	percussion instrument.	
	from low-pitched	actions you have created.		time with the pulse.		
	sounds				Add one pitched sound to	
				Choose one of the songs	the rhythm of words and	
	Choose one of the			and perform it with any	short phrases from the	
	songs and perform it	School Christmas		actions you have created.	song.	
	with any actions you	Performance				
	have created			Listen back to the	Enjoy playing and	
				performance.	experimenting with 2-note	
					or 3-note patterns.	

	Learn to sing the song in unison with support. Add actions or substitute a word in some sections.			Learn to sing the songs in unison with support. Add appropriate actions or substitute a word in some sections.		
Year 1	My Musical	Dance, Sing,	Exploring Sounds	Learning to Listen	Having Fun with	Let's Perform
	Heartbeat	Play/Christmas			Improvisation	Together
	Key Learning - How to move in time to a steady beat	Production Key Learning - How to move in time to a steady beat	Key Learning To talk about any instruments they might hear and perhaps identify them	Key Learning To understand and demonstrate the difference between pulse, rhythm and pitch	Key Learning To identify a fast or slow tempo.	Key Learning To sing unit songs from memory
	To copy back simple long and short rhythms with clapping	To understand and demonstrate the	To understand the meaning of a song	To talk about any other music they have heard	To identify loud and quiet sounds as an introduction to understanding dynamics	Try to follow the leader or conductor. To improvise simple vocal
	To describe their thoughts and feelings when listening to	different between pulse, pitch and rhythm.	To add actions and/or movement to a song To play a part on a tuned instrument by ear.	that is similar. To identify loud and quiet sounds as an introduction to understanding dynamics Try to understand the	Begin to understand where the music fits in the world To perform short, repeating rhythm patterns (ostinati or riffs) while	patterns using question- and-answer phrases. To talk about the performance afterwards; saying what they enjoyed
	music including why they like or dislike the music	To copy back simple high and low patterns				
	To sing, rap or rhyme as part of a group/choir To follow a steady beat and stay in time when improvising	Begin to demonstrate good singing posture, standing up with straight, with relaxed shoulders	To explore sounds and create their own melodies	To play together with everybody while keeping	keeping in time with a steady beat. To rehearse and perform their parts within the	and what they think could have been better.
		To explore and begin create personal musical ideas using the given	Begin to understand different styles of music		context of the unit song.	
	To learn to treat instruments with care	notes for the unit		composition/s using two, three, four or five notes.		
	and respect	To understand that improvisation is about				

	Begin to understand that composing is like writing a story	making up your own very simple tunes on the spot To rehearse a song and then perform it to an audience explaining why the song was chosen				
Year 2	Pulse, Rhythm and Pitch Key Learning To move in time and keep a steady beat together To create their own rhythmic and melodic patterns To invent different actions to move in time with the music. To describe their thoughts and feelings when hearing the music. (like/dislike) To demonstrate good singing posture. To play a part on a tuned or untuned	Playing in an Orchestra/Christm as Play Key Learning To rehearse a song and then perform it to an audience, explaining why the song was chosen. To add actions to the song. To perform the song from memory To follow the leader or conductor To talk about the performance afterwards, saying what they enjoyed and what they think could have been better	Inventing a Musical Story Key Learning Begin to understand that the speed of the beat can change, creating a faster or slower pace (tempo) To play copy-back rhythms, copying a leader, and invent rhythms for others to copy To identify a fast or slow tempo. To identify loud and quiet sounds as an introduction to understanding dynamics. To listen for being 'in time' or 'out of time'	Recognising Different Sounds Key Learning To recognise long and short sounds, matching them to syllables and movements. Begin to understand the concept of there being different styles of music. To discuss the style of the music. To create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments To create and perform their own rhythm patterns with stick notation, including crotchets, quavers and minims.	Exploring Improvisation Key Learning To mark the beat of a listening piece (eg Boléro by Ravel) by tapping or clapping and recognising tempo, as well as changes in tempo. To walk in time to the beat of a piece of music. To describe differences in tempo and dynamics with more confidence. Continue to understand that composing is like writing a story with music To understand that improvisation is about making up your own very simple tunes on the spot.	Continue to copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short. Continue to copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. To sing short phrases independently. To discuss together what the song or piece of music might be about. To talk about any other music they have heard that is similar. To invent different actions to move in time with the music. To move, dance and respond with their bodies in any way they can.
	instrument by ear	To sing to try to communicate the meaning of the words.	Time of our of time	minims.	To perform short, repeating rhythm patterns	To talk about the performance afterwa

	(either Part 1 or Part 2) Begin to create personal musical ideas using the given notes. To perform their simple composition/s using two, three, four or five notes. To start and end their tune/s on note	To sing as part of a choir and solo. To sing with more pitching accuracy.	To play together with everybody while keeping in time with a steady beat. To use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces.	To recognise some band and orchestral instruments.	(ostinati or riffs) while keeping in time with a steady beat.	saying what they enjoyed and what they think could have been better.
Year 3	one. Writing Music	Playing in a Band	Composing Using	More Music	Enjoying	Opening Night
/eui- J	To identify if a song is major or minor. To share their thoughts and feelings about the music together. The beginnings of formal notation, linking sounds to symbols and that music has its own language. Start	Key Learning To play and sing in the time signatures of 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4. To sing as part of a choir and in unison To demonstrate good singing posture. To invent different actions and move in time with the music. To play a part on a tuned instrument, by ear or from notation. To play the instrumental part	Your Imagination Key Learning To successfully create a melody in keeping with the style of the backing track. This could be to: Compose over a simple chord progression. Compose over a simple groove. Compose over a simple groove. To include a home note to provide a sense of an ending; coming home. To start to use simple structures within compositions, eg	Key Learning To talk about what the song or piece of music means and the style To think about and discuss why the song or piece of music was written and what it might mean. To talk about where the music fits into the world. To sing more expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.	Improvisation Key Learning To play together with everybody while keeping the beat. To become more skilled in improvising; perhaps trying more notes and rhythms, Including rests or silent beats. To think about creating music with 'phrases' made up of notes, rather than just lots of notes played one after the other.	Key Learning To plan, rehearse and perform a song to an audience that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation, with confidence. To reflect on feelings about sharing and performing, eg excitement, nerves, enjoyment, etc. To introduce the performance with an understanding of what the song is about and to

	music theory: Staves • Lines and spaces • Clefs • Crotchets • Minims • Paired quavers Introduce and understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers. To play the right notes with secure rhythms. To follow a steady beat and stay 'in time' when improvising To give the melody a shape. Begin to recognise (by ear and from notation): minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests. To identify the names of some pitched notes	with and swap when appropriate To include any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages within the rehearsal and in the performance To identify and describe their feelings when hearing the music, including why they like or don't like the music. To follow the leader or conductor. To treat instruments carefully and with respect.	chorus or AB form To use simple dynamics. To create a tempo instruction To play their instruments with good posture and technique. To compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values. To perform their simple composition/s using their own choice of notes.	To sing a widening range of unison songs, of varying styles and structures. To recognise long and short sounds and match them to syllables and movements. To use appropriate musical language to describe and discuss the music. Start to use musical concepts and elements with more confidence when talking about the music. To recognise that some instruments are band instruments and some are orchestral instruments, identifying specific instruments if they can. To discuss together what the song or piece of music might be about.	with rhythmic patterns using minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests. Begin to recognise (by ear and from notation): minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests. To use simple rhythmic combinations of minims, crotchets and paired quavers with their corresponding rests to create rhythm patterns. To play their instruments with good posture and technique.	relevant connections. To explain why the song was chosen. To compose a 'standalone' piece of music which includes: • A time signature • A treble clef • Four or six bars • The right notes for the scale and key signature • Rhythmic combinations of minims, crotchets and paired quavers, with their corresponding rests • Expression/dynamics • A melody that starts and ends on note one.
Year 4	Mamma Mia	Glockenspiel Stage	Stop!	Lean on Me	Blackbird	Reflect, Rewind
Year 4	on a stave. Mamma Mia Key Learning	Glockenspiel Stage 2 Key Learning	Stop! Key Learning	Lean on Me Key Learning	Blackbird Key Learning	Reflect, Rewin and Replay

To confidently	To follow a leader when	To communicate the	Talk about the music and	To enjoy exploring singing	
identify and move to	singing.	meaning of the words	how it makes them feel.	solo.	
the pulse.		and clearly articulate			
	To rehearse and perform	them.	To talk about the musical	To communicate the	
Talk about the music	their part within the		dimensions working	meaning of the words and	
and how it makes	context of the Unit song	To talk about the best	together	clearly articulate them.	
them feel.		place to be when			
	To know that if you	performing and how to	Play any one, or all four,	To sing in unison and in	
To talk about the	improvise using the notes	stand or sit.	differentiated parts on a	simple two-parts.	
musical dimensions	you are given, you cannot		tuned instrument – a one–		
working together	make a mistake	To sing in unison and in	note, simple or medium	To listen to the group	
		simple two-parts.	part or the melody of the	when singing.	
	Listen to and reflect upon		song from memory or		
To demonstrate a	the developing composition	To rejoin the song if	using notation.	Plan and create a section	
good singing posture.	and make musical	lost.		of music that can be	
	decisions about pulse,		To know that	performed within the	
To treat instruments	rhythm, pitch, dynamics	To listen to the group	improvisation is making up	context of the unit song.	
carefully and with	and tempo.	when singing.	your own tunes on the		
respect.			spot	Listen to and reflect upon	
		Plan and create a		the developing composition	
Play any one, or all		section of music that	Help create at least one	and make musical decisions	
four, differentiated		can be performed within	simple melody using one,	about pulse, rhythm, pitch,	
parts on a tuned		the context of the unit	three or all five different	dynamics and tempo.	
instrument - a one-		song.	notes.		
note, simple or				To rehearse and perform	
medium part or the			Present a musical	their part within the	
melody of the song			performance designed to	context of the Unit song	
from memory or using			capture the audience.		
notation.					
To know that					
improvisation is making					
up your own tunes on					
the spot					
Help create at least					
one simple melody					

	using one, three or all five different notes. Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience.					
Year 5	Living on a	Classroom Jazz 1	Make you Feel	The Fresh Prince	Dancing in the	Summer Production
	Key Learning To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs and	Key Learning To know and be able to talk about: Different ways of writing music down - e.g. staff notation, symbols The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave	Key Learning To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)	Key Learning Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) To name some of the	Key Learning To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and, if possible, why?	Key Learning To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the
	discuss how they make you feel Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice	The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).	To sing with awareness of being 'in tune' To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake	instruments they heard in the songs To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song.	To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song.	meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it

	To know that improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot				Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody	
Year 6	Key Learning To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. To demonstrate a good singing posture. Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. To know that improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot To know that using one, two or three notes confidently is better than using five To create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically	Classroom Jazz Key Learning Name some of the instruments used in the songs To know the historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time, musically and historically? To know the notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave To know the instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends	A New Year Carol/ Young Voices Key Learning To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice	Key Learning To use musical words when talking about the songs. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre) Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song	Key Learning To identify move and keep to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and why? To know the style of the songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation)	Summer Production Key Learning To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about the performance To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.

with the style of the			
nit song.			